

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, South Carolina, 2023

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
All industries including state and local government³		1.6	0.2	0.5	--	0.2	0.8
Private industry³		1.3	0.1	0.4	--	0.2	0.6
Goods producing³		0.5	0.1	(⁴)	--	0.2	0.2
Natural resources and mining^{3,5}		--	--	--	--	--	--
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction⁵		--	--	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing		0.5	0.1	(⁴)	--	0.2	0.2
Manufacturing		0.5	0.1	(⁴)	--	0.2	0.2
Food manufacturing	311	(⁴)	--	--	--	(⁴)	(⁴)
Textile mills	313	--	--	--	--	--	--
Wood product manufacturing	321	--	--	--	--	--	--
Paper manufacturing	322	--	--	--	--	--	--
Printing and related support activities	323	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chemical manufacturing	325	0.1	--	--	--	--	--
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	(⁴)	--	--	--	(⁴)	--
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	--	--	--	--	--	--
Primary metal manufacturing	331	(⁴)	--	--	--	(⁴)	--
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	0.1	--	--	--	(⁴)	(⁴)
Machinery manufacturing	333	(⁴)	--	--	--	--	(⁴)
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	--	--	--	--	--	--
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	0.1	--	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	0.1

Service providing		0.8	(⁴)	0.4	--	--	0.3
Trade transportation and utilities		0.4	(⁴)	0.1	--	--	0.2
Wholesale trade		--	--	--	--	--	(⁴)
Retail trade		0.2	--	--	--	--	0.1
Transportation and warehousing⁷		0.1	--	--	--	--	0.1
Financial activities		(⁴)	--	--	--	--	(⁴)
Professional and business services		--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational and health services		0.3	--	0.3	--	--	0.1
Health care and social assistance		0.3	--	0.3	--	--	0.1
Ambulatory health care services	621	(⁴)	--	--	--	--	(⁴)
Hospitals	622	0.1	--	(⁴)	--	--	(⁴)
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	0.2	--	0.2	--	--	--
Leisure and hospitality		0.1	--	--	--	--	(⁴)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		(⁴)	--	--	--	--	(⁴)
Accommodation and food services		(⁴)	--	--	--	--	--
State and local government³		0.4	0.1	0.1	--	--	0.2
State government³		0.1	--	0.1	--	--	(⁴)
Service providing		0.1	--	0.1	--	--	(⁴)
Educational and health services		(⁴)	--	--	--	--	--
Educational services		--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational services	611	--	--	--	--	--	--

Health care and social assistance		--	--	--	--	--	--
Hospitals	622	--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration		0.1	--	0.1	--	--	--
Public administration		0.1	--	0.1	--	--	--
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	--	--	--	--	--	--
Local government³		0.2	(⁴)	(⁴)	--	--	0.2
Service providing		0.2	(⁴)	(⁴)	--	--	0.2
Educational and health services		--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational services		--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational services	611	--	--	--	--	--	--
Health care and social assistance		--	--	--	--	--	--
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration		0.2	(⁴)	(⁴)	--	--	0.1
Public administration		0.2	(⁴)	(⁴)	--	--	0.1

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: <https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm>.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data too small to be displayed.

⁵ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. The scope of the data published in the SOII differs from the scope of the data published by the FRA. For more information on differences see the SOII Handbook of Methods Data Concepts page: <https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/data.htm>.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2024